CaviWipes<sup>™</sup> Date Prepared: 7/14/2015



#### **MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET**

### 1. Product And Company Identification

Product Name: CaviWipes<sup>™</sup>

Manufacturer: METREX™ RESEARCH

1717 W. Collins Ave. Orange, CA 92867

U.S.A.

Imported by: Sybron Canada LP

Brampton, Ontario L6W 4T5

Information Phone Number: 1-800-841-1428 (Customer Service)

Chemical Emergency Phone Number (Chemical Spills, Leaks, Fire, Exposure or Accident only):

CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (in the US) 1-703-527-3887 (Outside the US)

MSDS Date Of Preparation/Revision: 7/14/2015

**Product Use**: Hard surface cleaner and disinfectant wipe.

**DIN**: 02242209

# 2. Hazards Identification

Clear liquid with an alcohol odor on a white towelette.

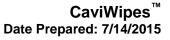
# **EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

Liquid saturant is a flammable liquid and vapor. Causes moderate eye irritation. May cause mild skin irritation. Harmful if absorbed through the skin. Inhalation of concentrated vapors may cause irritation of the eyes, nose and throat and dizziness and drowsiness. Prolonged overexposure to ethylene glycol monobutyl ether may affect liver, kidneys, blood, lymphatic system or central nervous system.

# 3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

The following composition refers to the liquid saturant

Component	CAS No.	Amount
Isopropanol	67-63-0	17.2%
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (2-Butoxyethanol)	111-76-2	1-5%
Diisobutylphenoxyethoxyethyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride	121-54-0	0.28%
Water	7732-18-5	70-80%





#### 4. First Aid Measures

**Inhalation**: Move to fresh air if effects occur and seek medical attention if effects persist.

**Skin Contact**: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

**Eye Contact**: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**Ingestion**: If liquid is swallowed, get medical advice by calling a Poison Control Center or hospital emergency room. If advice is not available, take victim and product container to the nearest emergency treatment center or hospital. Do not induce vomiting. Do not attempt to give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

### 5. Fire Fighting Measures

**Extinguishing Media**: Use water spray or fog, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide or dry chemical. Cool fire exposed containers with water.

**Special Fire Fighting Procedures**: Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for fires in areas where chemicals are used or stored.

**Unusual Fire Hazards**: Liquid saturant is a flammable liquid and vapor. Flammable vapors may collect in confined areas if large amounts are used.

**Hazardous Combustion Products**: Burning may produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides, amines, chlorine and hydrogen chloride.

#### 6: Accidental Release Measures

Eliminate all ignition sources. Ventilate area. Use explosion-proof equipment if large amounts are released. Wear appropriate protective clothing and equipment (See Section 8). Collect spilled liquid material with an inert absorbent material and collect spilled wipes and place in appropriate, labeled container for disposal. Do not reuse towelette. Refer to Section 13 for disposal advice.

### 7. Handling and Storage

Avoid contact with eyes. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Liquid saturant is a flammable liquid and vapor. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and all other sources of ignition. Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not reuse towelette. Avoid contamination of food.

Store at room temperature area away from heat, oxidizers and all sources of ignition.



### 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

#### **Exposure Limits**

Chemical	Exposure Limit	
Isopropanol	200 ppm TWA, 400 ppm STEL (Alberta, British	
	Columbia, Manitoba, New Brunswick,	
	Newfoundland, Labrador, Nova Scotia, Prince	
	Edward Island, Saskatchewan, Ontario	
	400 ppm TWA, 500 ppm STEL skin Nunavut,	
	Northwest Territories, Yukon, Quebec	
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (2-	20 ppm TWA (Alberta, British Columbia, Manitoba,	
Butoxyethanol)	New Brunswick, Newfoundland, Labrador, Nova	
	Scotia, Prince Edward Island, Ontario, Quebec	
	20 ppm TWA, 30 ppm STEL Saskatchewan	
	25 ppm TWA, 75 ppm STEL Nunavut, Northwest	
	Territories	
	50 ppm TWA, 150 ppm STEL skin Yukon	
Diisobutylphenoxyethoxyethyl dimethyl	None Established	
benzyl ammonium chloride		

**Ventilation:** General ventilation should be adequate for normal use. For operations where the exposure limits may be exceeded, mechanical ventilation such as local exhaust may be needed to minimize exposure.

**Respiratory Protection**: None under normal use conditions with adequate ventilation. For operations where the occupational exposure limits are exceeded, a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator with an organic vapor cartridges or supplied air respirator is recommended. Equipment selection depends on contaminant type and concentration. Select in accordance with applicable regulations and good industrial hygiene practice. For firefighting, use self-contained breathing apparatus.

**Gloves**: Impervious gloves such as butyl rubber or nitrile are recommended for operations which may result in prolonged or repeated skin contact.

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**ye Protection**: None required for normal use. If liquid splashing is possible, wear splash proof goggles to prevent eye contact.

Other Protective Equipment/Clothing: None required for normal use. Wear protective clothing if needed to avoid prolonged/repeated skin contact. Suitable washing and eye flushing facilities should be available in the work area. Contaminated clothing should be removed and laundered before re-use.



### 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

**Appearance And Odor**: Clear liquid with an alcohol odor on a white towelette.

The following data applies to the liquid saturant.

Boiling Point:	Not Determined	Specific Gravity:	0.972
Solubility in Water:	Complete	pH:	11.0 -12.49
Vapor Pressure:	43.3 mmHg @ 20°C (isopropanol)	Vapor Density:	2.1 (isopropanol)
Percent Volatile:	>95%	Melting/Freezing Point:	Not Determined
Coefficient of Water/Oil Distribution:	Not Determined		
Flash Point:	28.3°C (83°F)	Flammable Limits:	LEL: 2% UEL: 12.7%

# 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable

Conditions To Avoid: Heat, sparks, flames and all other sources of ignition.

**Incompatibility**: Strong oxidizing agents, acids and strong alkalis.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Thermal decomposition will produce carbon monoxide, carbon

dioxide, nitrogen oxides, amines, chlorine and hydrogen chloride.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

### 11. Toxicological Information

#### **Potential Health Effects:**

The following applies to the liquid saturant. The towelette is not hazardous.

**Acute Hazards:** 

**Inhalation**: May cause irritation of the nose, throat and upper respiratory tract. High vapor concentrations may produce nausea, vomiting, headache, dizziness, drowsiness, weakness, fatigue, narcosis and possible unconsciousness. Not acutely toxic in rats.

**Skin Contact**: Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause mild irritation. No signs of toxicity or irritation were observed in a dermal toxicity study in rabbits. Non-irritating in a primary irritation study with rabbits. Negative in a skin sensitization study with guinea pigs.

**Eye Contact**: May cause irritation with tearing, redness and pain. Moderate irritant in an eye irritation study with rabbits. Effects reversed in 7 days.

**Ingestion**: Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal disturbances and central nervous system effects such as headache, dizziness, drowsiness and nausea. Not acutely toxic in rats.

**Chronic Hazards**: Prolonged overexposure to ethylene glycol monobutyl ether may affect liver, kidneys, blood, lymphatic system or central nervous system.

**Medical Conditions Aggravated By Exposure**: Due to its defatting properties, isopropyl alcohol may aggravate an existing skin condition.





**Carcinogen**: None of the components is listed as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by IARC, NTP, ACGIH, or OSHA.

# **Acute Toxicity Values for CaviWipes:**

LD50 Oral Rat >5000 mg/kg LD50 Dermal Rabbit >2000 mg/kg LC50 inhalation LC50 rat >2.08 mg/L

### 12. Ecological Information

This product is not classified as aquatically toxic based on the GHS criteria for aquatic toxicity.

### **Toxicity:**

Isopropanol: LC50 fathead minnows 11,130 mg/L/48 hr; LC50 brown shrimp 1400 mg/L/48 hr Diisobutylphenoxyethoxyethyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride: LC50 pimephales promelas 1.6 mg/L/96 hr, LC50 lepomis macrochirus 1.4 mg/L/96 hr.

**Persistence and degradability:** Isopropanol and 2-butoxyethanol are readily biodegradable in screening tests. Diisobutylphenoxyethoxyethyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride is not readily biodegradable.

**Bioaccumulative Potential:** Isopropanol has an estimated BCF of 3 suggesting that the potential for bioaccumulation is low.

**Mobility in Soil:** Isopropanol is expected to have very high mobility in soil.

# 13. Disposal Considerations

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

**Container Disposal:** Do not reuse empty container. Wrap container and discard in trash.

Towelette Disposal: Do not reuse towelette. Dispose of used towelette in trash. Do not flush wipes

down toilet.

# 14. Transport Information

#### **U.S. DOT Hazard Classification**

Proper Shipping Name: Not Regulated per alcohol exception (49CFR 173.150(e))

Technical Name: N/A UN Number: N/A

Hazard Class/Packing Group: N/A

Labels Required: N/A

DOT MARINE POLLUTANTS: This product does not contain Marine Pollutants as defined in 49 CFR 171.8.

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#### Canada TDG

Proper Shipping Name: Not regulated per aqueous solution of alcohol exception (1.36)

Technical Name: N/A UN Number: N/A

Hazard Class/Packing Group: N/A

Labels Required: N/A

# **IMDG Code Shipping Classification**

Proper Shipping Name: Alcohols, n.o.s. (Isopropanol)

UN Number: UN1987 Hazard Class: 3 Packing Group: III

Labels Required: Flammable Liquid (Class 3)

Placards Required: Class 3

Not classified as a marine pollutant

# **ICAO Air Transport Classification**

Proper Shipping Name: Alcohols, n.o.s. (Isopropanol)

ID Number: UN1987 Hazard Class: 3 Packing Group: III

Labels Required: Class 3

### 15. Regulatory Information

**National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)**: This Product Contains the Following Chemicals Subject to Annual Release Reporting Requirements NPRI:

Isopropanol 17.2% Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether 1-5%

**CEPA Chemical Inventory**: All of the components of this material are listed on the DSL or exempt.

WHMIS Classification: Class B-2. Class D-2-B

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the *Controlled Products Regulations* and the MSDS contains all the information required by the *Controlled Products Regulations*.

#### 16. Other Information

NFPA Rating: Fire: 3 Health: 2 Instability: 0

The information and recommendations set forth herein are taken from sources believed to be accurate as of the date of preparation, however,  $METREX^{\mathsf{TM}}$  RESEARCH makes no warranty with respect to the accuracy or suitability of the recommendations, and assumes no liability to any use thereof.